

# **Safety Data Sheet**

# **SECTION 1:** Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name : 890 ONE COAT 2K NON-ISO FINISH (LEAD FREE)

Product code : 0000C0222

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use See Technical Data Sheet.

For professional use only.

Application methods: See Technical Data Sheet.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Cromadex Unit 5 Redwood Business Park Oldbury Road Smethwick West Midlands B66 1NJ

**Telephone number** +44 (0) 121 555 1500 **Fax no.** +44 (0) 121 555 6417

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

### **Supplier**

**Telephone number** : +44 (0) 779 965 6086

Hours of operation : 24 Hr

Official Advisory Body Telephone No.:+44 (0)207 635 9191

**Advice for Doctors and Hospitals** 

### National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number :

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: uk.marketingservices@akzonobel.com

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### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : Flammable liquid and vapour.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention**: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot

surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment.

Avoid release to the environment.

**Response**: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water or shower.

Storage : Keep cool.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

: Contains n-butyl acrylate. May produce an allergic reaction.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and : Not applicable.

articles

**Special packaging requirements** 

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

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### 2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

			<u>Classification</u>	
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%		Туре
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4	≤9	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1] [2]
n-butyl acetate	EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
2-methoxy- 1-methylethyl acetate	EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[2]
trizinc bis (orthophosphate)	EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6	≤5	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
xylene	EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤4	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8	EC: 292-694-9 CAS: 90989-38-1 Index: 648-010-00-X	≤3.5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1]
2-methylpropan-1-ol	EC: 201-148-0 CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1	≤2	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	EC: 265-198-5 CAS: 64742-94-5 Index: 649-424-00-3	≤3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1]
n-butyl acrylate	EC: 205-480-7 CAS: 141-32-2 Index: 607-062-00-3	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1] [2]

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STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	
See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs or vPvBs or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General	: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give
	anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery
	position and seek medical advice.

**Eye contact** : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

**Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

**Skin contact**: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

**Ingestion**: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

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Contains n-butyl acrylate. May produce an allergic reaction.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, powders, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products : Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.

: Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the

information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

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## 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

### Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

### Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

### Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations**: Not available.

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Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C8 through C10 and boiling in the range of approximately 135°C to 210°C (275°F to 410°F).]	European Hydrocarbon Solvent Suppliers (CEFIC-HSPA) methodology (Europe).  TWA: 100 mg/m³ 8 hours. (Europe).  : 100 mg/m³  : 19 ppm
n-butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).  STEL: 966 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 724 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin.  STEL: 548 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 274 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin.  STEL: 441 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-methylpropan-1-ol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).  STEL: 231 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 154 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
n-butyl acrylate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).  STEL: 26 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.

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# procedures

**Recommended monitoring**: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### **DNELs/DMELs**

No DNELs/DMELs available.

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

### 8.2 Exposure controls

### Appropriate engineering controls

: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

### **Individual protection measures**

### Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Eye/face protection

: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

### Skin protection

### **Hand protection**

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

**Gloves** : For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

> Recommended: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton® May be used: butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene

Not recommended: natural rubber (latex)

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The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of

use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**Body protection** : Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-

temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be

selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be

approved by a specialist before handling this product.

If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use **Respiratory protection** 

appropriate, certified respirators.

Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable

respiratory protective equipment should be used.

**Environmental exposure** 

controls

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Odour : Solvent. Odour threshold Not available. Hq : Not available. Melting point/freezing point : Not available. Initial boiling point and : Not available.

boiling range

: Closed cup: 24°C Flash point : Not available. **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum),

light arom.)

Vapour pressure : Not available. Vapour density Not available.

Relative density : 1.29

Solubility(ies) : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/: Not available.

water

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. : Not available. **Viscosity** 

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

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### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

10.3 Possibility of : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. hazardous reactions

10.4 Conditions to avoid : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

**10.5 Incompatible materials** : Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

**10.6 Hazardous** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains n-butyl acrylate. May produce an allergic reaction.

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male, Female	>5.61 mg/l ***TO BE TRANSLATED***	4 hours

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predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having				
carbon numbers				
predominantly in the range				
of C8 through C10 and				
boiling in the range of				
approximately 135°C to				
210°C (275°F to 410°F).]				
, , ,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male,	>5000 mg/kg	-
		Female		
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male,	>5000 mg/kg	-
		Female		
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male,	>21 mg/l	4 hours
		Female		
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male,	14112 mg/kg	-
	I DE0 0 I	Female	40700	
O manada a un cal manada da	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	10760 mg/kg	- C h
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	>25.3 mg/l	6 hours
acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male,	>5000 mg/kg	
	ED30 Definal	Female	2000 mg/kg	
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male,	6190 mg/kg	_
		Female	o roo mg/ng	
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat - Male,	>5.41 mg/l	4 hours
	mists	Female	category	
			approach	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	29.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>4200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male	3523 mg/kg	-
Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male	29.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>4000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male	3523 mg/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male,	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dame of	Female	0.400 //	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit -	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Female Rat - Female	3350 mg/kg	
n-butyl acrylate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat - Male,	10.3 mg/l	4 hours
III-butyi aci yiate	LOGO IIII alation vapoul	Female	10.5 mg/l	TIOUIS
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male	3024 mg/kg	_
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3150 mg/kg	_
			5 / 55 mg/ Ng	1

<sup>:</sup> Not available.

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value	
	15881 mg/kg 158.8 mg/l	

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C8 through C10 and boiling in the range of approximately 135°C to	Skin - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
210°C (275°F to 410°F).]	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit		_	_
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	_	_
xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Skin - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
Calvent people (netroleum)	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	- 24 hours 500	_
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine -	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 microliters	-
unspecified; [A complex				IIIICIOIILEIS	
combination of					
hydrocarbons obtained from					
distillation of aromatic					
streams. It consists					
predominantly of aro-matic					
hydrocarbons having carbon					
numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C16					
and boiling in the range of					
approxi-mately 165°C to					
290°C (330°F to 554°F).]					
n-butyl acrylate	Skin - Irritant	Rabbit	_	-	-
	Eyes - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-

### Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

### **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic		Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

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hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C8 through C10 and boiling in the range of approximately 135°C to			
210°C (275°F to 410°F).] 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
trizinc bis(orthophosphate) Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8	skin skin	Guinea pig Mouse	Not sensitizing Not sensitizing

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
xylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
n-butyl acrylate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8	Category 2	Inhalation	Not determined

### **Aspiration hazard**

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Product/ingredient name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C8 through C10 and boiling in the range of approximately 135°C to 210°C (275°F to 410°F).]	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
xylene Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine - unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aro-matic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9 through C16 and boiling in the range of approxi-mately 165°C to 290°C (330°F to 554°F).]	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Other information : Not available.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C8 through C10 and boiling in the range of approximately 135°C to	Acute EC50 3.1 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
210°C (275°F to 410°F).]	Acute EC50 4.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8.2 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.5 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2.6 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
n-butyl acetate	Acute EC50 674.7 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 44 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia sp.	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours

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	Acute EC50 >500 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute EC50 0.04 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
, , ,	Acute IC50 0.136 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours
	Acute LC50 0.021 mg/l	Fish - Lepomis Macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.05 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus Mykiss	96 hours
xylene	Acute EC50 4.36 mg/l ***TO BE	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
•	TRANSLATED*** Fresh water	subcapitata	
	Acute EC50 1 mg/l ***TO BE	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	24 hours
	TRANSLATED*** Fresh water		
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l ***TO BE	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	TRANSLATED*** Fresh water		
	Chronic EC10 1.9 mg/l ***TO BE	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
	TRANSLATED*** Fresh water	subcapitata	
	Chronic NOEC 1.17 mg/l ***TO BE	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	7 days
	TRANSLATED*** Fresh water	·	
	Chronic NOEC >1.3 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	56 days
Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8	Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	24 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1.17 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia dubia	7 days
	Chronic NOEC >1.3 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	56 days
2-methylpropan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1799 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1430 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 20 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
n-butyl acrylate	Acute EC50 2.6 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 8.2 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2.1 mg/l Marine water	Fish - Cyprindon variegatus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 5.2 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.19 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in		77.1 % - 28 days	-	-

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the range of C8 through C10 and boiling in the range of approximately 135°C to 210°C (275°F to 410°F).] n-butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate xylene Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8	- - -	83 % - 28 days 83 % - 28 days 87.8 % - 28 days 87.8 % - 28 days	- - -	- - -
2-methylpropan-1-ol	-	74 % - 28 days	-	-
n-butyl acrylate	-	91 % - 21 days	-	-

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	-	-	Readily
light arom.; Low boiling point			
naphtha - unspecified; [A			
complex combination of			
hydrocarbons obtained from			
distillation of aromatic			
streams. It consists			
predominantly of aromatic			
hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in			
the range of C8 through C10			
and boiling in the range of			
approximately 135°C to			
210°C (275°F to 410°F).]			
n-butyl acetate	-	-	Readily
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	-	-	Readily
acetate			
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	-	Not readily
xylene	-	-	Readily
Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8	-	-	Readily
2-methylpropan-1-ol	-	-	Readily
n-butyl acrylate	-	-	Readily

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name LogPow	BCF	Potential
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained from distillation of aromatic streams. It consists predominantly of aromatic hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C8 through C10 and boiling in the range of approximately 135°C to	10 to 2500	high

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210°C (275°F to 410°F).] n-butyl acetate 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.3 1.2	15.3 -	low low
xylene	3.12	<25.9	low
Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8	3.12	<25.9	low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	low
n-butyl acrylate	2.38	17.3	low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

**Mobility** : Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable. vPvB : Not applicable.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.

For further information, contact your local waste authority.

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

### **Product**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

:

Waste code	Waste designation	
EWC 08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances	

### **Packaging**

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Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Disposal considerations** 

: Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers.

Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or

national legal provisions.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	No.
Additional information	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.  Special provisions 640 (E)  Tunnel code (D/E)	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

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user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code : Not available.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

**Europe inventory** : Not determined. Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

### Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

### **Seveso Directive**

This product may add to the calculation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso Directive on major accident hazards.

#### **National regulations**

Industrial use

: The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

### **International regulations**

### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

### Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

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### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

### **International lists**

### **National inventory**

Australia : Not determined.
Canada : Not determined.
China : Not determined.

Japan : Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Malaysia : Not determined.

New Zealand : Not determined.

Philippines : Not determined.

Republic of Korea : Not determined.

Taiwan : Not determined.

Turkey : Not determined.

United States : Not determined.

15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

CEPE code : 1

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

acronyms CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification	
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	On basis of test data Calculation method	
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method	

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

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H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373 (inhalation)	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4, H312 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 Acute Tox. 4, H332 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 **EUH066** Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Eye Dam. 1, H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 Skin Sens. 1, H317 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED STOT RE 2, H373 (inhalation) EXPOSURE) (inhalation) - Category 2 **STOT SE 3, H335** SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 **STOT SE 3, H336** SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

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#### Notice to reader

The information in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications. The product should not be used for purposes other than those shown in Section 1 without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier's control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with. The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own

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assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation.

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